

1. A) The micrometer in Fig. 1 reads 2.25 mm, with an uncertainty of 0.01 mm → اقل ص 0.01

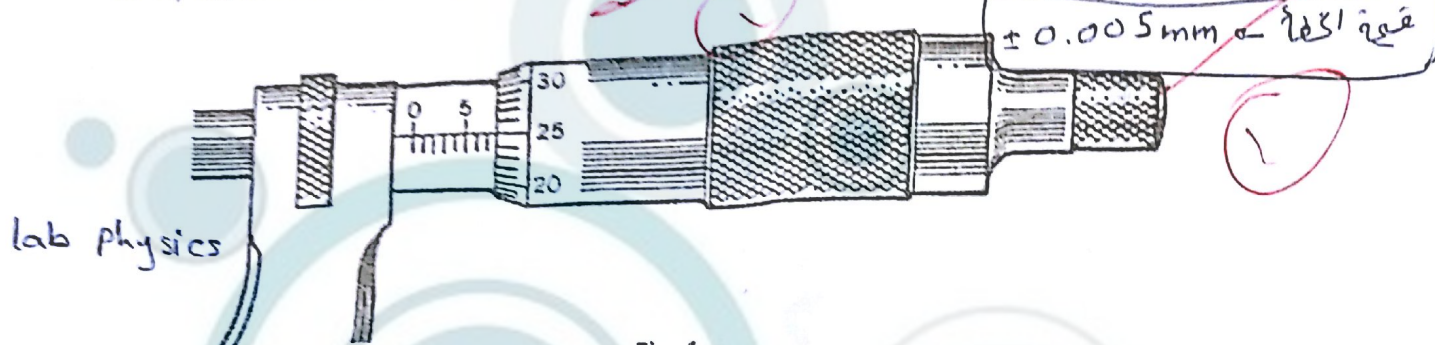


Fig. 1

B) If this micrometer was used to measure the thickness of the sheet in Fig. 2 at different points along the sheet, as shown in the same figure, and the results were as shown in Table 1. Then the mean value of the sheet's thickness is 1.29 with an uncertainty of 9 × 10⁻³ mm



Fig. 2

point	Diameter (mm)
a	1.30
b	1.29
c	1.29
d	1.28

Table. 1

$$\sigma = \frac{\sqrt{(x - \bar{x})^2}}{\sqrt{N - 1}}$$

$$\frac{(0.01)^2 + (0.01)^2}{2 \times 10^{-4}}$$

C) If the height and width of this sheet were measured using the same micrometer and the results were 5.34 mm and 5.15 mm, respectively. Then the volume of the sheet is 25.48, with an uncertainty of 0.12
 $V = h \times w \times \text{thickness}$

$$\Delta V = V \times \sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta h}{h}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta w}{w}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta t}{t}\right)^2} \rightarrow \text{thickness}$$

2. Fig. 3 shows a portion of a tape which was taken in Lab 111 for the kinematics experiment where the used vibrator makes 200 vibrations per second.

a) If the displacement between A and B is 3.1 cm, then the average speed in this interval is $\frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} = 31 \text{ cm/s}$

b) Given the displacement between A and B above, if the displacement between B and C is 2.5 cm, then the average acceleration between A and C is $\bar{a} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} = 140 \text{ cm/s}^2$

c) The maximum speed is between the points C and D, and the minimum speed is between the points D and E

d) The maximum acceleration is between the points B and D

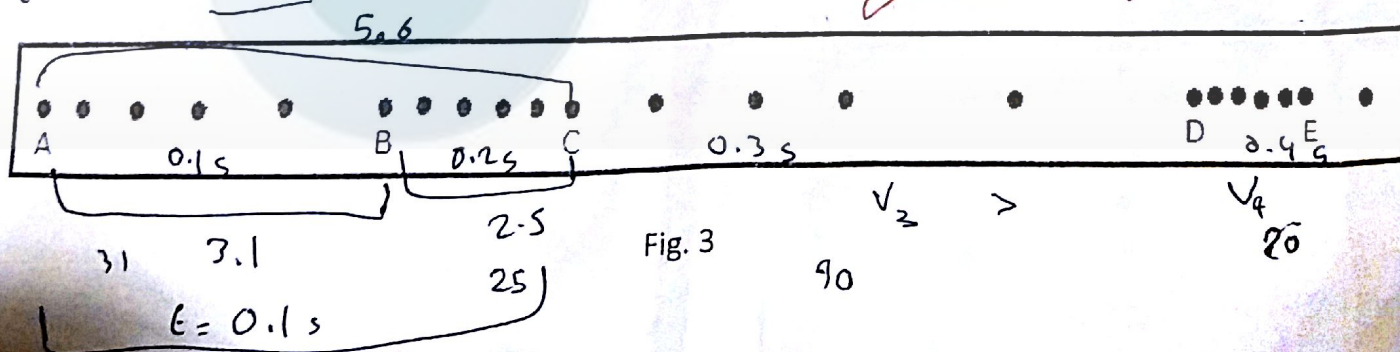


Fig. 3

1. A) The micrometer in Fig. 1 reads 7.25 mm with an uncertainty of $\pm 0.01 \text{ mm}$



Fig. 1

B) If this micrometer was used to measure the thickness of the sheet in Fig. 2 at different points along the sheet, as shown in the same figure, and the results were as shown in Table 1. The mean value of the sheet's thickness is 1.29 with an uncertainty of $4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mm}$

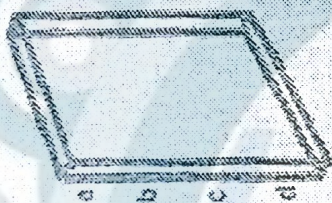


Fig. 2

point	Diameter (mm)
a	1.30
b	1.29
c	1.29
d	1.28

Table 1

C) If the height and width of this sheet were measured using the same micrometer and the results were 5.34 mm and 5.25 mm , respectively. Then the volume of the sheet is 2.548 with an uncertainty of ± 0.12

$$\Delta V \leq V \sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta h}{h}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta w}{w}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta t}{t}\right)^2}$$

2. Fig. 3 shows a portion of a ticker tape which was taken as an example for the kinematics experiments where the used vibrator makes 260 vibrations per second.

- If the displacement between A and B is 3.0 cm , then the average speed in this interval is $\frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} = 31.0 \text{ cm/s}$
- Given the displacement between B and C is 4.5 cm and the time interval between B and C is 2.5 cm , then the average acceleration between B and C is 19.0 cm/s^2
- The maximum speed is between the points C and D and the minimum speed is between the points B and C
- The maximum acceleration is between D and E

