

(0905211) Chemical Engineering Principals

Quiz # 1 (Chapter 2)

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Q1: The volume of microbial culture is observed to increase with time,  $t$ , according to the formula:

$$V(\text{cm}^3) = 3.0e^{1.5t}, \quad \text{where } t \text{ is in seconds}$$

a) What are the units of the constants 3.0 and 1.5?

2.5/   
 The unit for 3.0  $\text{cm}^3 \cdot \text{s}$    
 1.5  $\rightarrow$  unit less

b) What is the value of  $V$  at  $t = 30$  seconds?

$$V = 3.0 e^{1.5 \times 30}$$

$$V = 3.0 e^{45}$$

$$= 3.0 \times 3.49 \times 10^{19} = 10.2 \times 10^{19} \text{ cm}^3$$

c) Calculate the expression for  $V'$  ( $\text{in}^3$ ) in terms of  $t'$  (min).

2.5/   
 $V(\text{cm}^3) = \frac{1 \text{ cm}^3}{1728 \text{ in}^3} V' = 0.06102 V' (\text{in}^3)$

$$t(\text{s}) = \frac{15}{60} t' = 0.02 t' (\text{min})$$

$$0.0612 V'(\text{in}^3) = 3.0 e^{(1.5(0.02 t'))}$$

$$V'(\text{in}^3) = 49 e^{(0.01 t')}$$

$$ax + b = 1$$

$$ax = 1 - b$$

$$x = \frac{1 - b}{a}$$

Q2: If experimental data (x, y) are to be correlated by the relation:  $y = \frac{1}{ax + b}$

a) What you plot to get a straight line?

$$y = \frac{1}{ax + b}$$

$\frac{1}{y}$  vs  $x$

$$axy + b = 1$$

$$axy = 1 - b$$

$$\frac{1}{y} = \frac{1 - b}{ax}$$

O.K.

b) What would the slope and intercept be?

the slope  $-\frac{a}{b}$  and the intercept = 0

O.K.

Quantity	Equivalent Values
<b>Mass</b>	1 kg = 1000 g = 0.001 metric ton = 2.20462 lb <sub>m</sub> = 35.27392 oz 1 lb <sub>m</sub> = 16 oz = 5 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> ton = 453.593 g = 0.453593 kg
<b>Length</b>	1 m = 100 cm = 1000 mm = 10 <sup>6</sup> microns (μm) = 10 <sup>10</sup> angstroms (Å) = 39.37 in. = 3.2808 ft = 1.0936 yd = 0.0006214 mile 1 ft = 12 in. = 1/3 yd = 0.3048 m = 30.48 cm
<b>Volume</b>	1 m <sup>3</sup> = 1000 L = 10 <sup>6</sup> cm <sup>3</sup> = 10 <sup>6</sup> mL = 35.3145 ft <sup>3</sup> = 220.83 imperial gallons = 264.17 gal = 1056.68 qt 1 ft <sup>3</sup> = 1728 in. <sup>3</sup> = 7.4805 gal = 0.028317 m <sup>3</sup> = 28.317 L = 28,317 cm <sup>3</sup>
<b>Force</b>	1 N = 1 kg·m/s <sup>2</sup> = 10 <sup>5</sup> dynes = 10 <sup>5</sup> g·cm/s <sup>2</sup> = 0.22481 lb <sub>f</sub> 1 lb <sub>f</sub> = 32.174 lb <sub>m</sub> ·ft/s <sup>2</sup> = 4.4482 N = 4.4482 × 10 <sup>5</sup> dynes
<b>Pressure</b>	1 atm = 1.01325 × 10 <sup>5</sup> N/m <sup>2</sup> (Pa) = 101.325 kPa = 1.01325 bar = 1.01325 × 10 <sup>6</sup> dynes/cm <sup>2</sup> = 760 mm Hg at 0°C (torr) = 10.333 m H <sub>2</sub> O at 4°C = 14.696 lb <sub>f</sub> /in. <sup>2</sup> (psi) = 33.9 ft H <sub>2</sub> O at 4°C = 29.921 in. Hg at 0°C
<b>Energy</b>	1 J = 1 N·m = 10 <sup>7</sup> ergs = 10 <sup>7</sup> dyne·cm = 2.778 × 10 <sup>-7</sup> kW·h = 0.23901 cal = 0.7376 ft·lb <sub>f</sub> = 9.486 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> Btu
<b>Power</b>	1 W = 1 J/s = 0.23901 cal/s = 0.7376 ft·lb <sub>f</sub> /s = 9.486 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> Btu/s = 1.341 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> hp

8.5  
 10

(0905211) Chemical Engineering Principles

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Quiz # 3 (Chapter 4)

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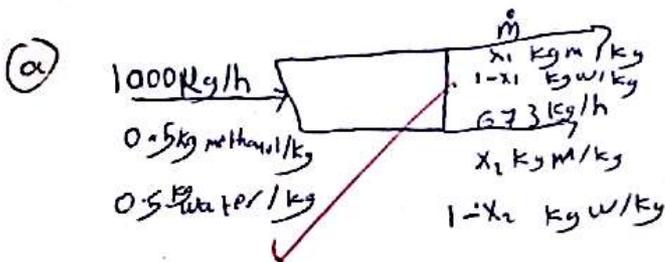
One thousand kilograms per hour of a mixture containing equal parts by mass of methanol and water is distilled. Product streams leave the top and bottom of the distillation column. The flow rate of the bottom stream is measured and found to be 673 kg/h, and the overhead stream is analyzed and found to contain 3% of the water fed to the distillation column.

- (a) Draw and fully label a flowchart of the process.
- (b) Do the degree-of-freedom analysis.
- (c) Calculate the mass flow rate of methanol in the overhead stream.
- (d) Calculate the mass and mole fractions of water in the bottom stream.

Useful Information

M.W (water) = 18 g/mol

M.W (methanol) = 32 g/mol



$$(1-x_1)(\dot{m}) = 0.03 \times (0.5) \times (1000)$$

$$(1-x_1)(327) = 0.03 \times 0.5 \times 1000$$

$$1-x_1 = \frac{15}{327} = 0.046 = 0.05$$

$$x_1 = 0.95$$

(b)  $DOF = 3 - (2 + 1) = 0$

Annotations:   
 - 3: total variables (m-dot, x1, x2)   
 - 2: independent mass balances (overall, methanol)   
 - 1: composition constraint (3% water in overhead)

to find  $x_1$

(c) over all balance  $\Rightarrow 1000 = \dot{m} + 673$

$$\dot{m} = 327 \text{ kg/h}$$

methanol balance  $\Rightarrow (0.5)(1000) = (x_1)(327) + x_2(673)$

water balance  $\Rightarrow (0.5)(1000) = (1-x_1)(327) + (1-x_2)(673)$

mass flow rate of methanol =  $(0.95)(327) = 310.65 \text{ kg/h}$

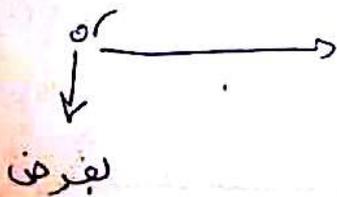
d)  $x_2 = 0.28$

mass fraction  $\Rightarrow$

$(1 - x_2) = 0.72 \text{ kg w / kg}$

For water  
in bottom  
stream

mole fraction for water  $\Rightarrow \frac{0.72}{18} = 0.04 \text{ mol w / mol}$



$x_m = 0.279 / 32 = ①$  1 ① / total

$1 - x_m = 0.721 / 18 = ②$  ② / total

← Basis 1000 kg

مساوات  
دست  
بال

اس  
Chart

	$x_i$	$m_i$	$n_i$	$y_i$
M	0.279	279	$\frac{279}{32} = 8.7$	$8.7 / 48.7 = 0.179$
w	0.721	721	$\frac{721}{18} = 40$	$40 / 48.7 = 0.821 \text{ mol w / mol}$
			$n_{total} = 48.7$	