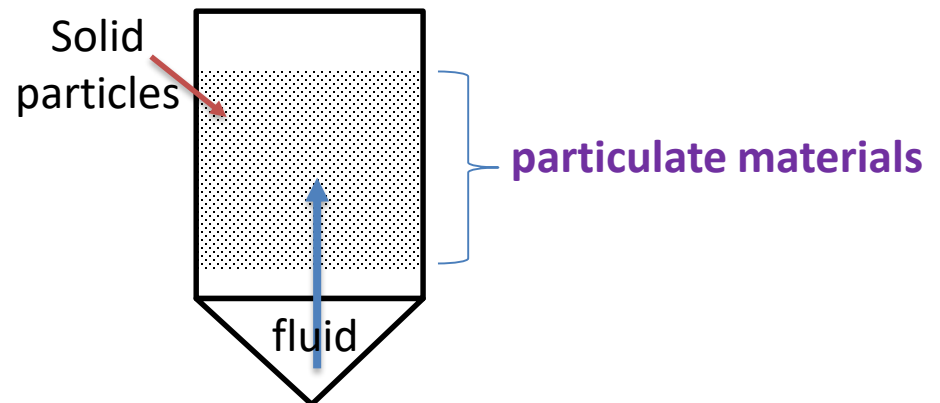


# **UNIT OPERATIONS OF PARTICULATE SOLIDS**

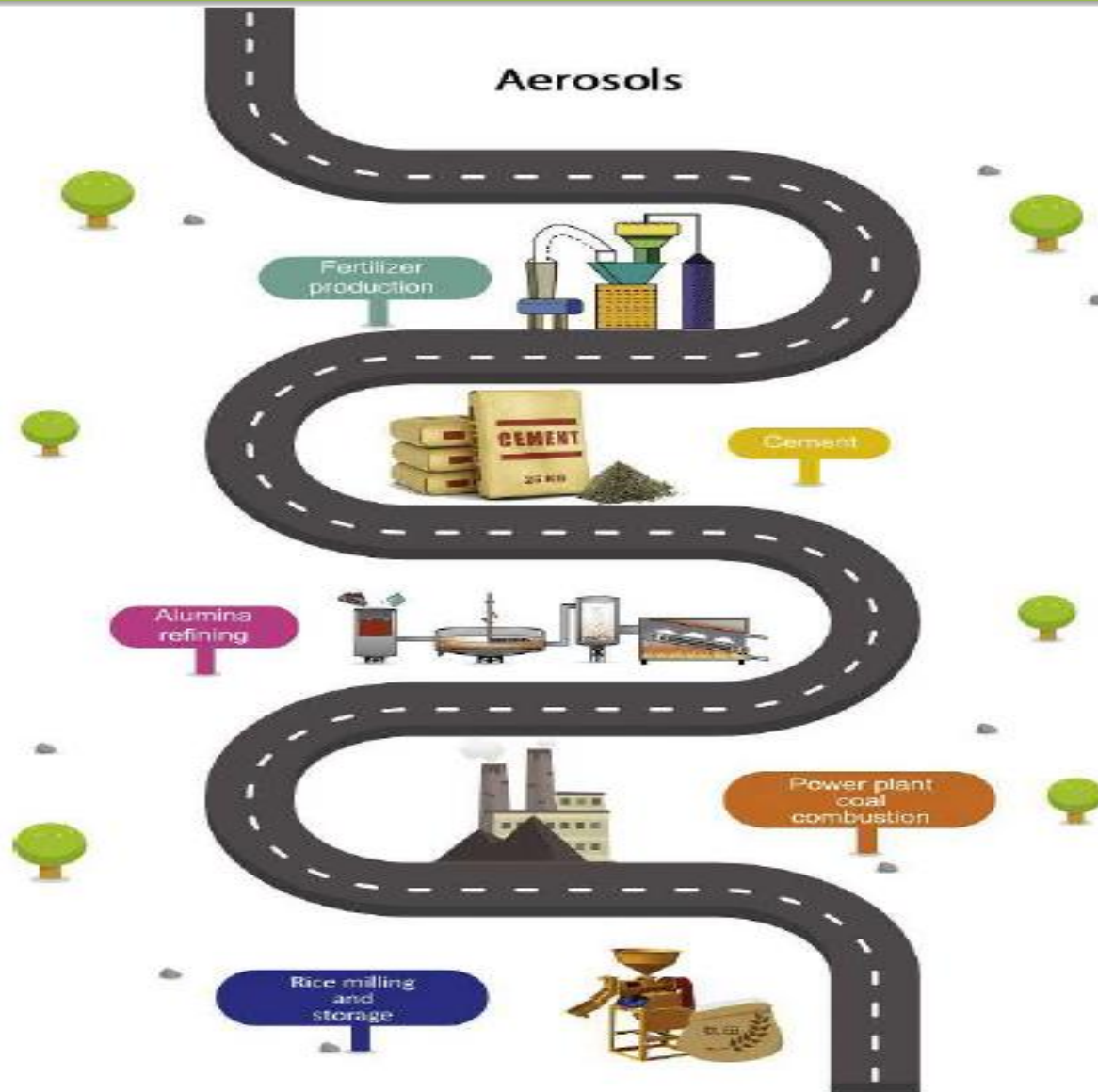
**Some Definitions & applications in  
chemical industries**

# Introduction

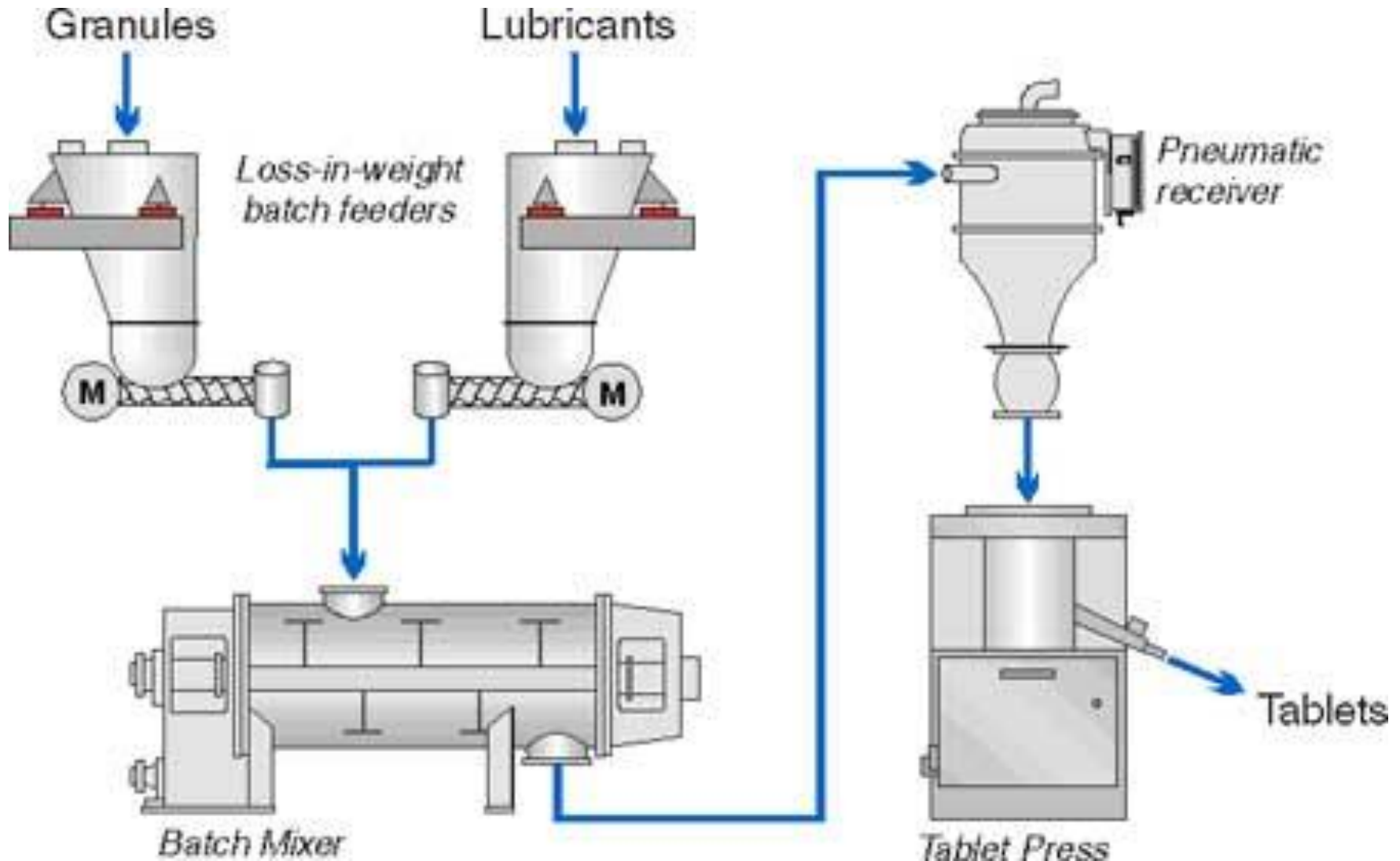
- Solid materials and their dispersion in fluids are the subject matter of this course.
- Individual unit of dispersed solid material is referred to as a **particle**.
- Solid-fluid material systems are referred to as particulate systems, **particulate materials** or **particulates**.



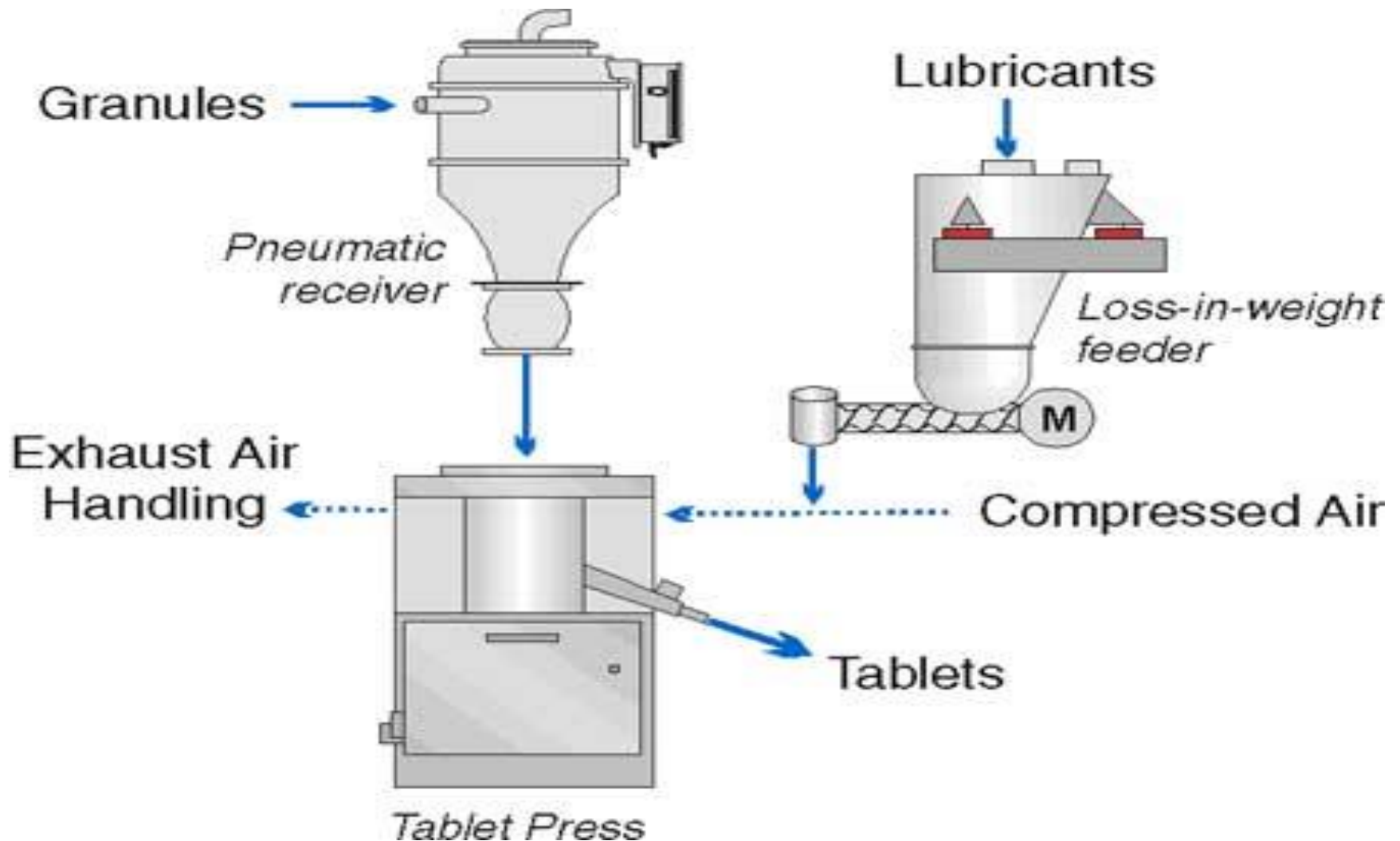
# Examples of particulate systems in industrial applications.



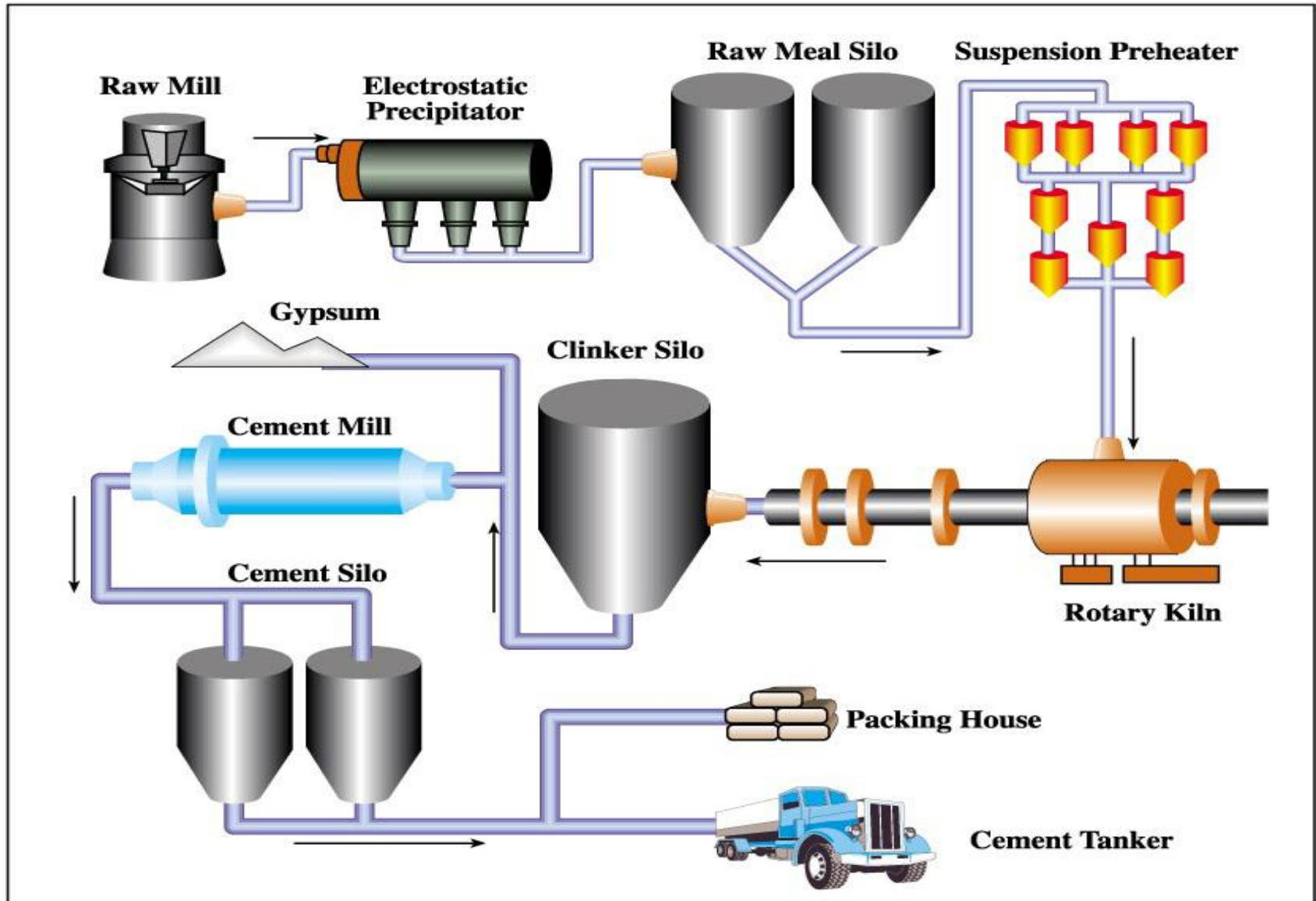
# Application Example: Twin Screw Feeders in Pharmaceutical Tablet Press Lubrication Applications



# Pharmaceutical application tablet Press

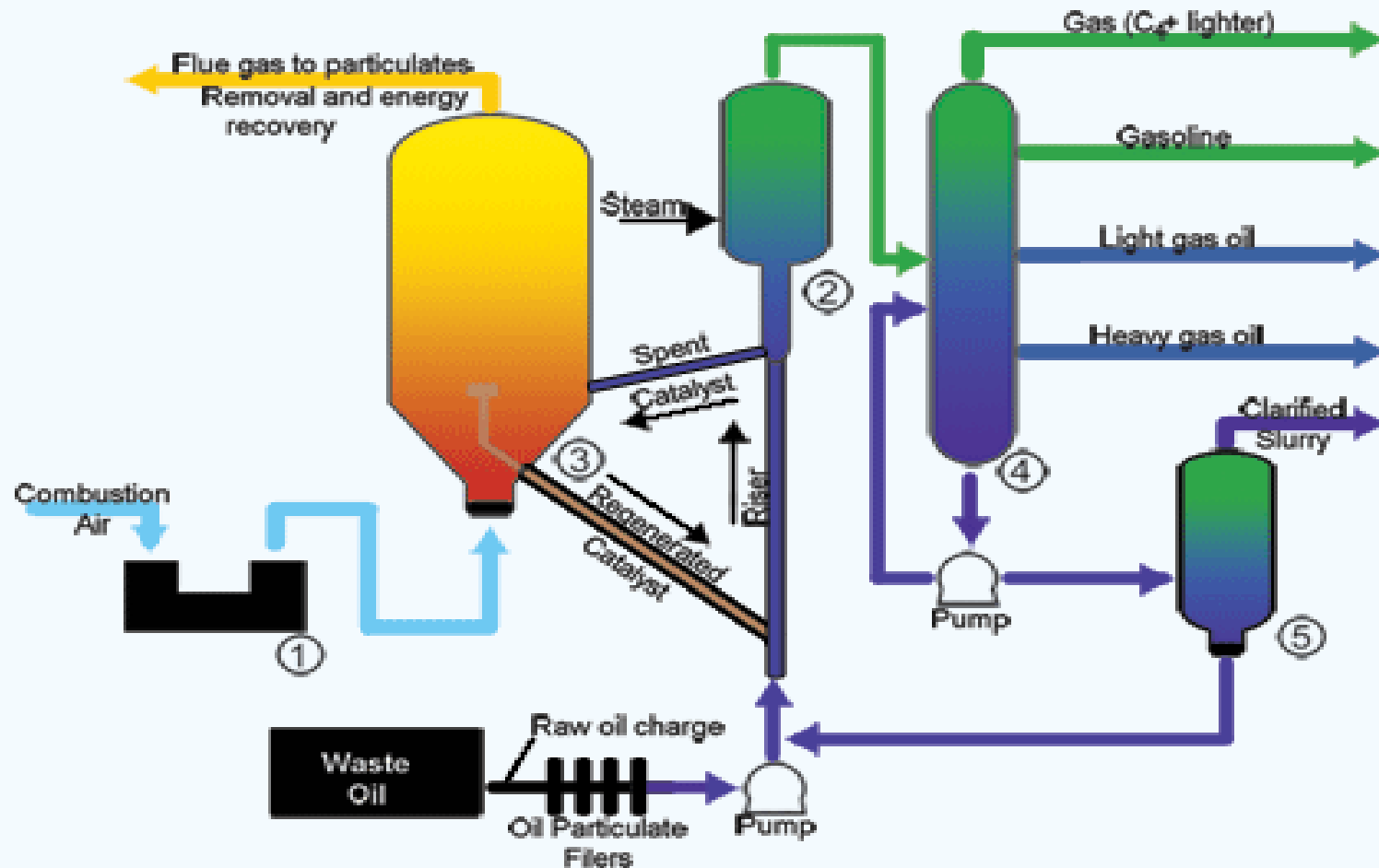


# Cement Production Process



# FCC process

## Fluid Catalytic Cracking



① Compressor

② Reactor

③ Regenerator

④ Fractionator

⑤ Slurry Settler



# Examples of particulate systems in consumer applications.





# Absorption column “lab experiment”

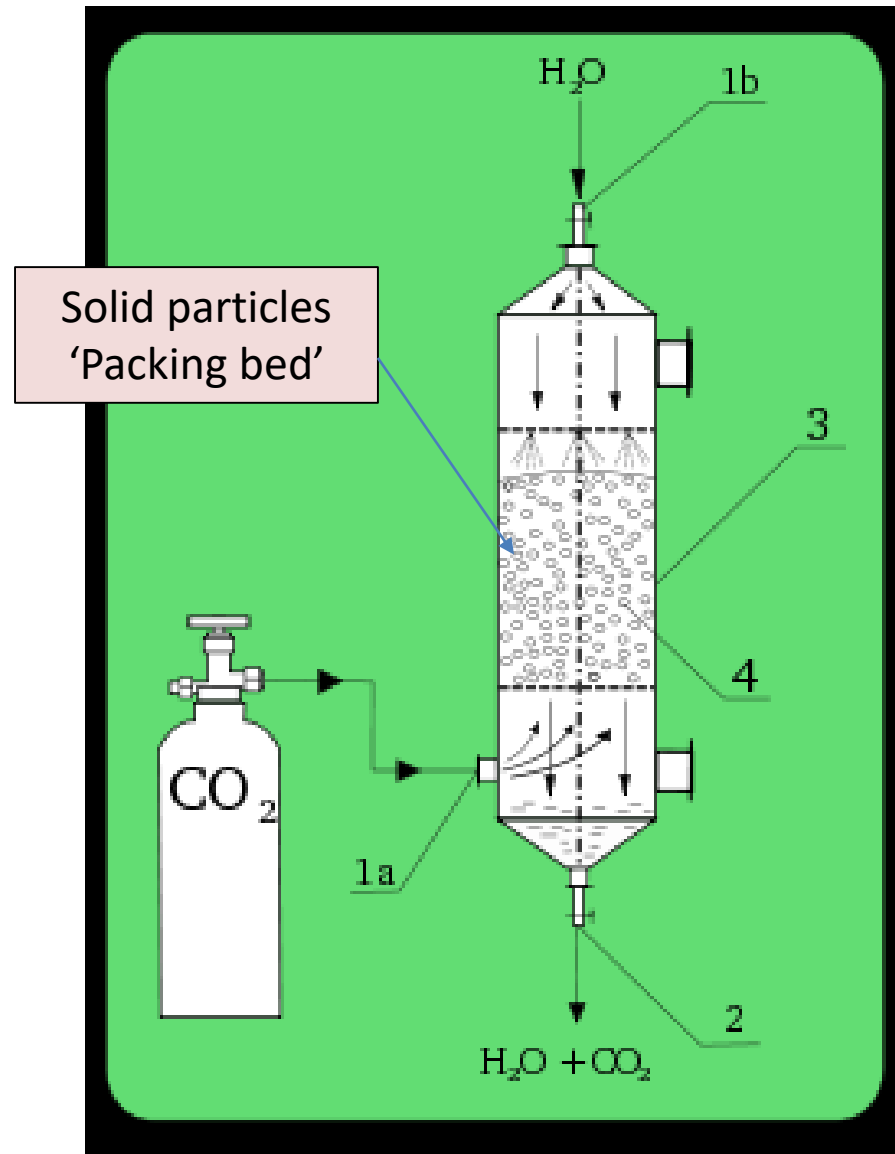


Solid particles  
'Packing bed'

# Absorption column

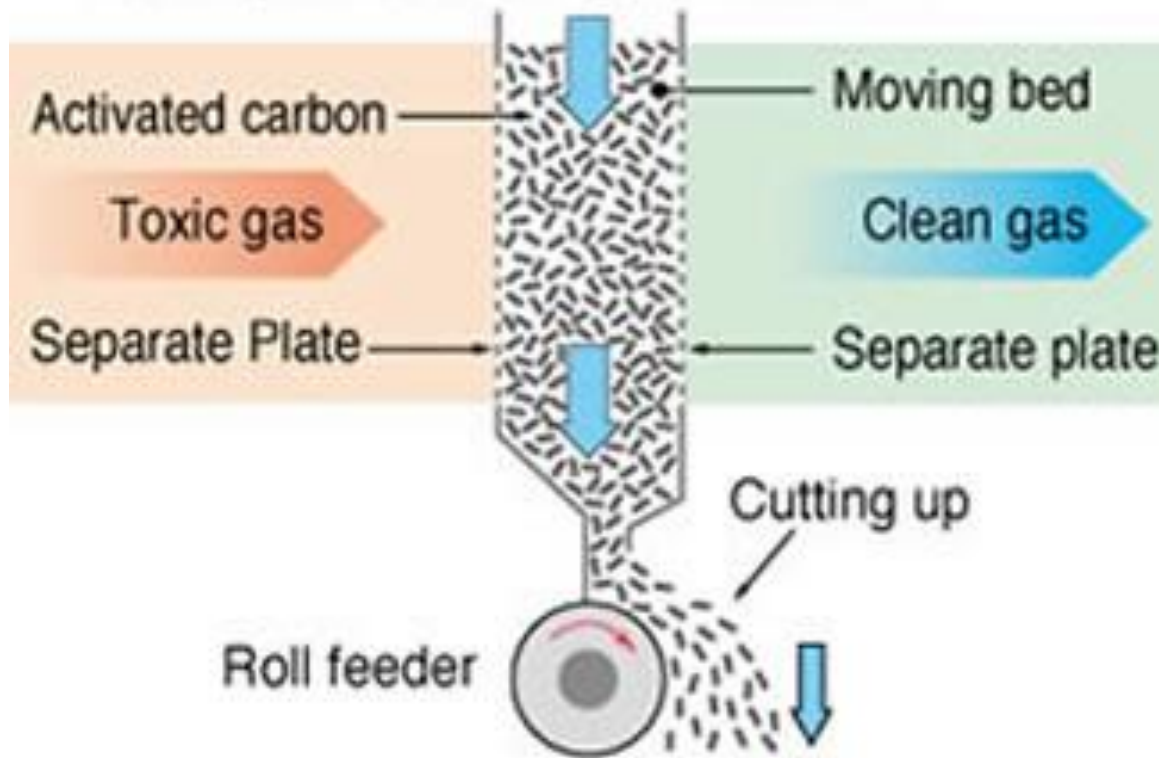
## Laboratory absorber

- (1a): CO<sub>2</sub> inlet;
- (1b): H<sub>2</sub>O inlet;
- (2): outlet;
- (3): absorption column;
- (4): **packing**.

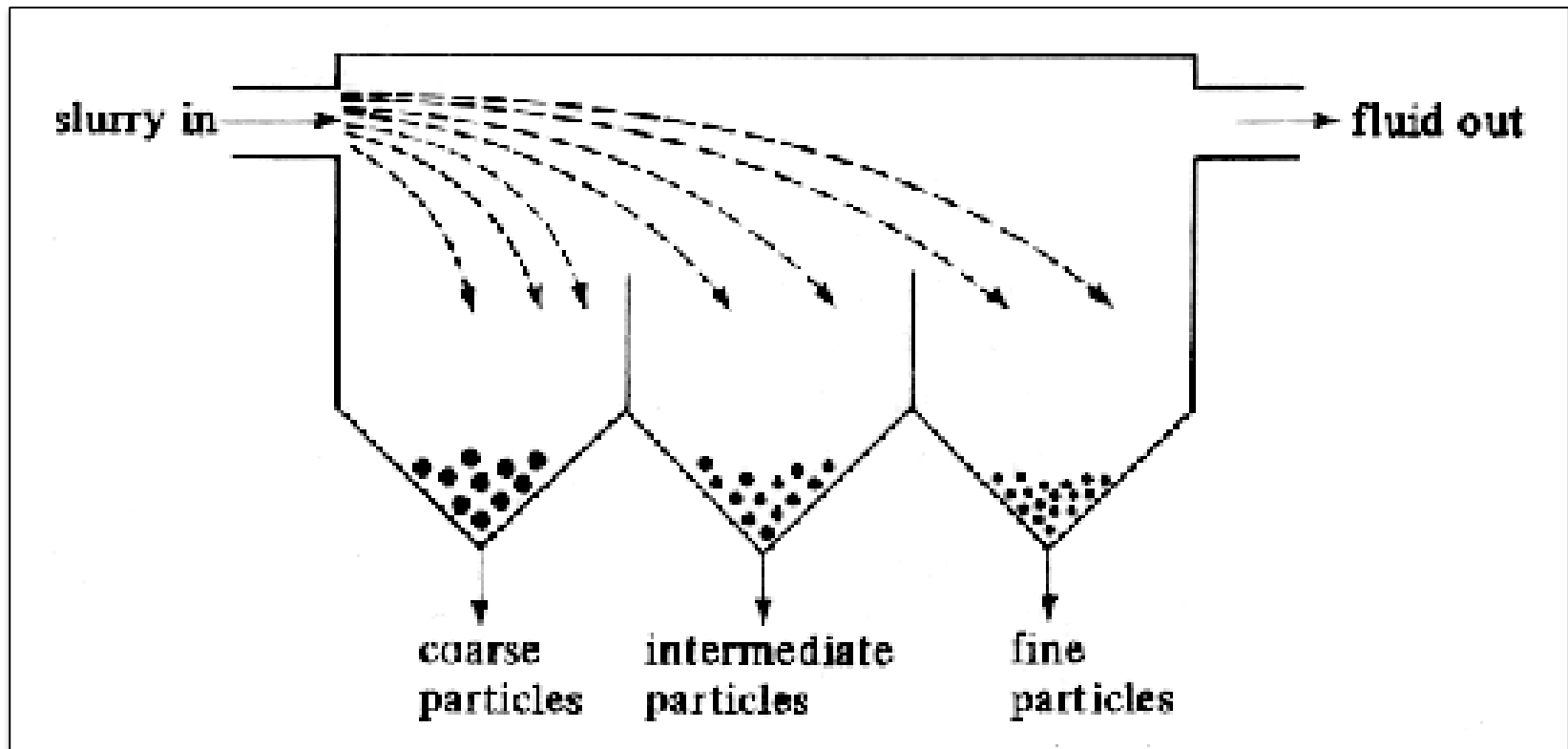


# Moving Bed of solid particles

## ● Principle of moving bed device



# Sedimentation

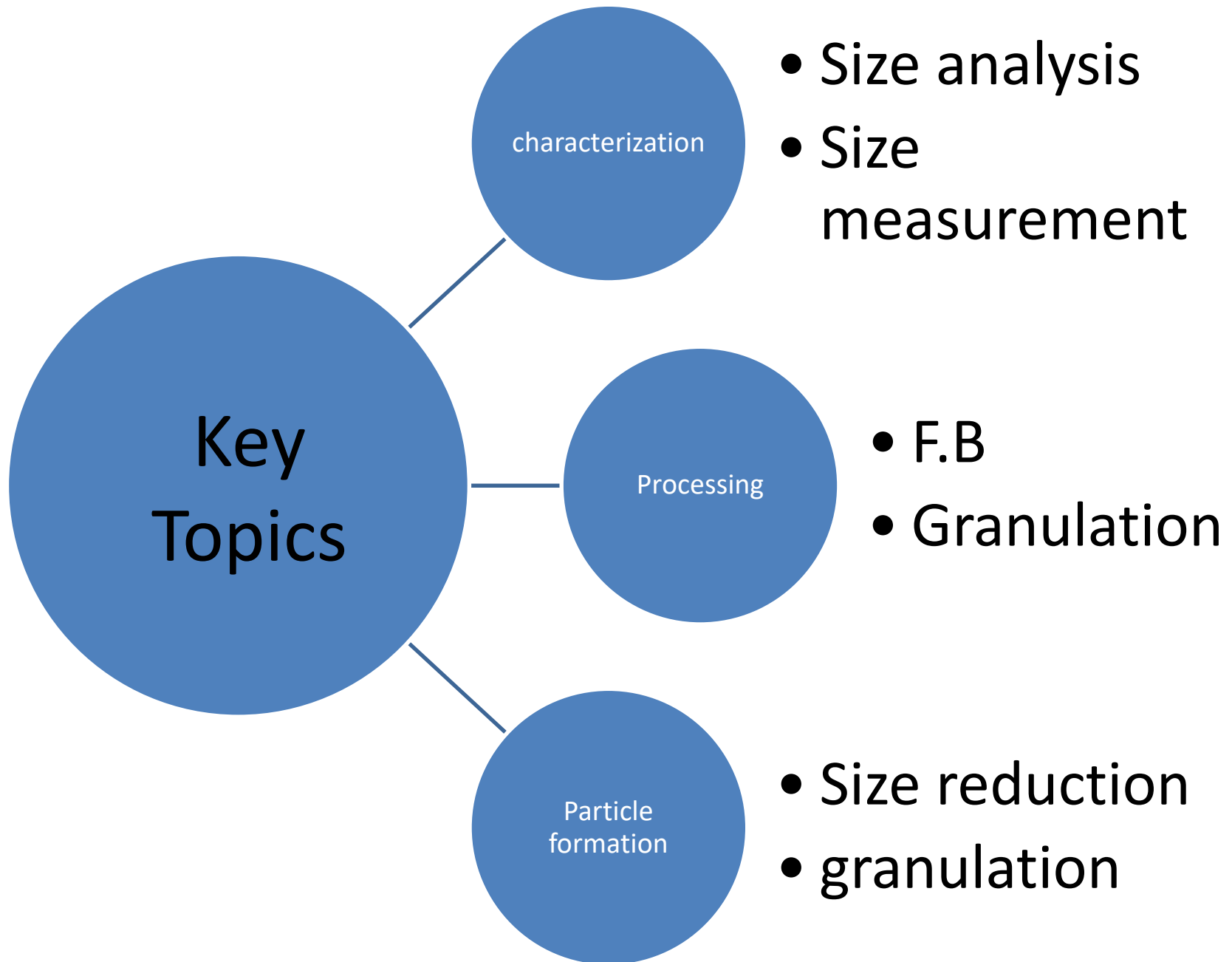


# Solid Particulate

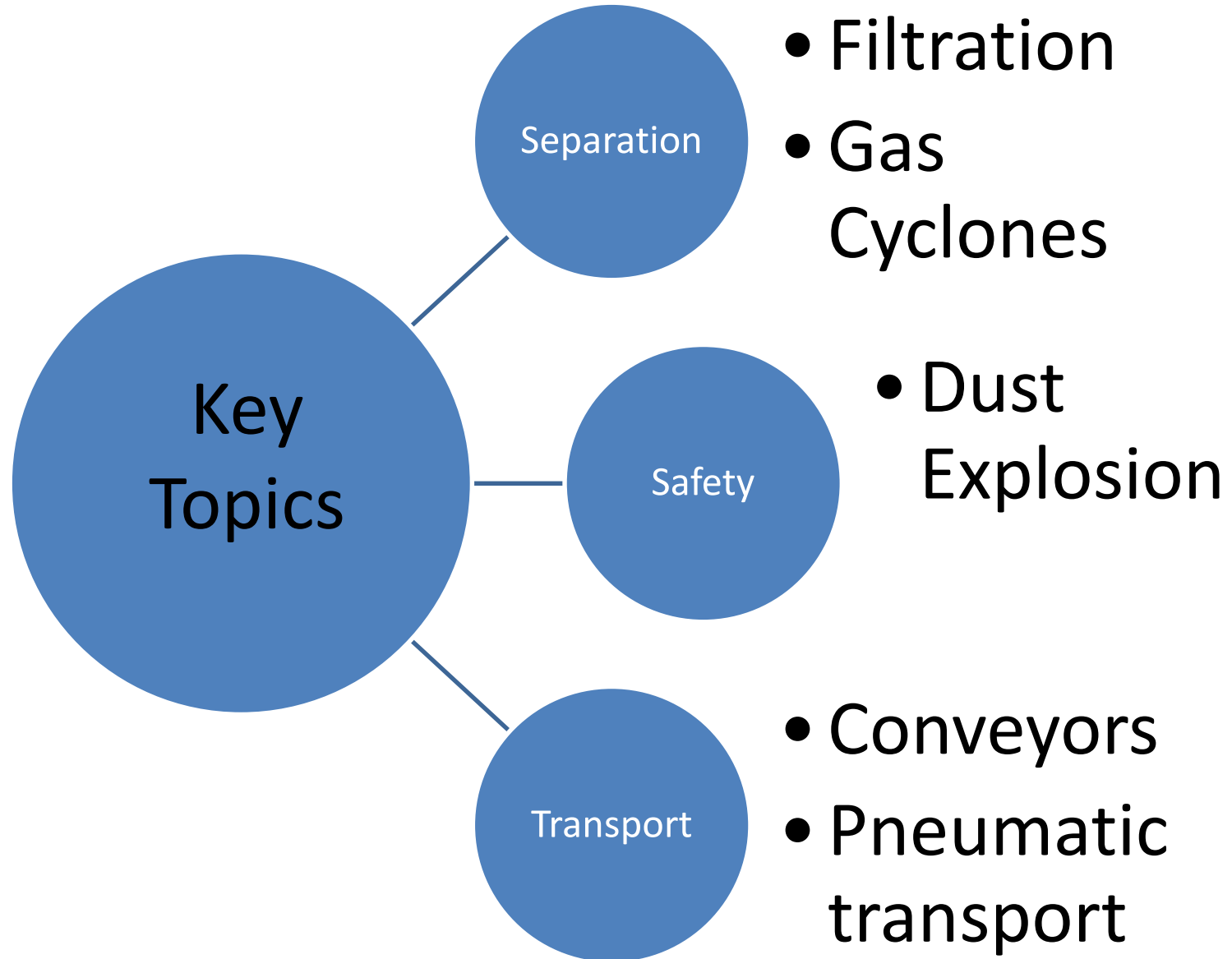
*Introduction, Definitions, particle size analysis, size distribution, mean particle size, and measuring techniques*

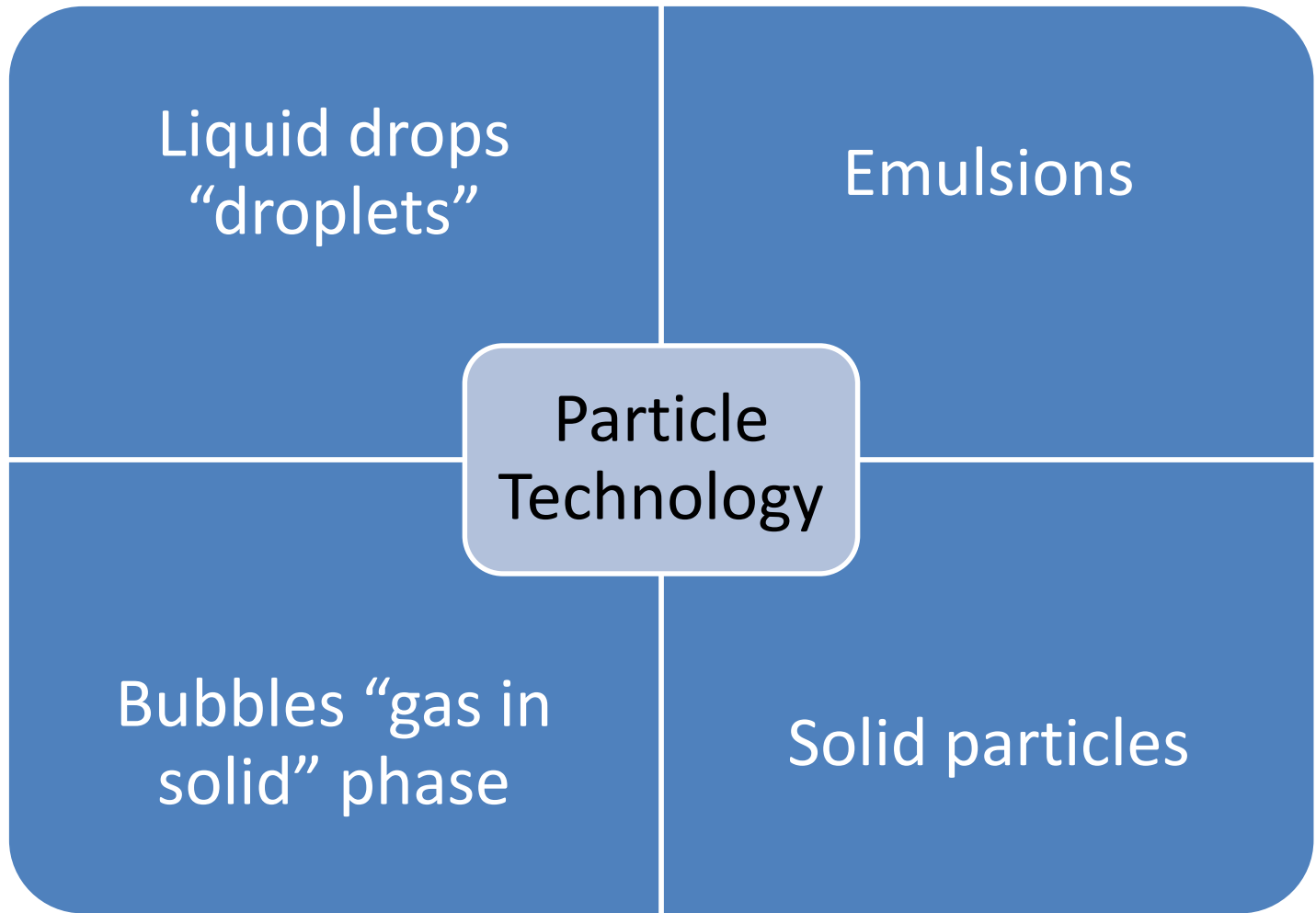
# **Topics of Particle Technology**

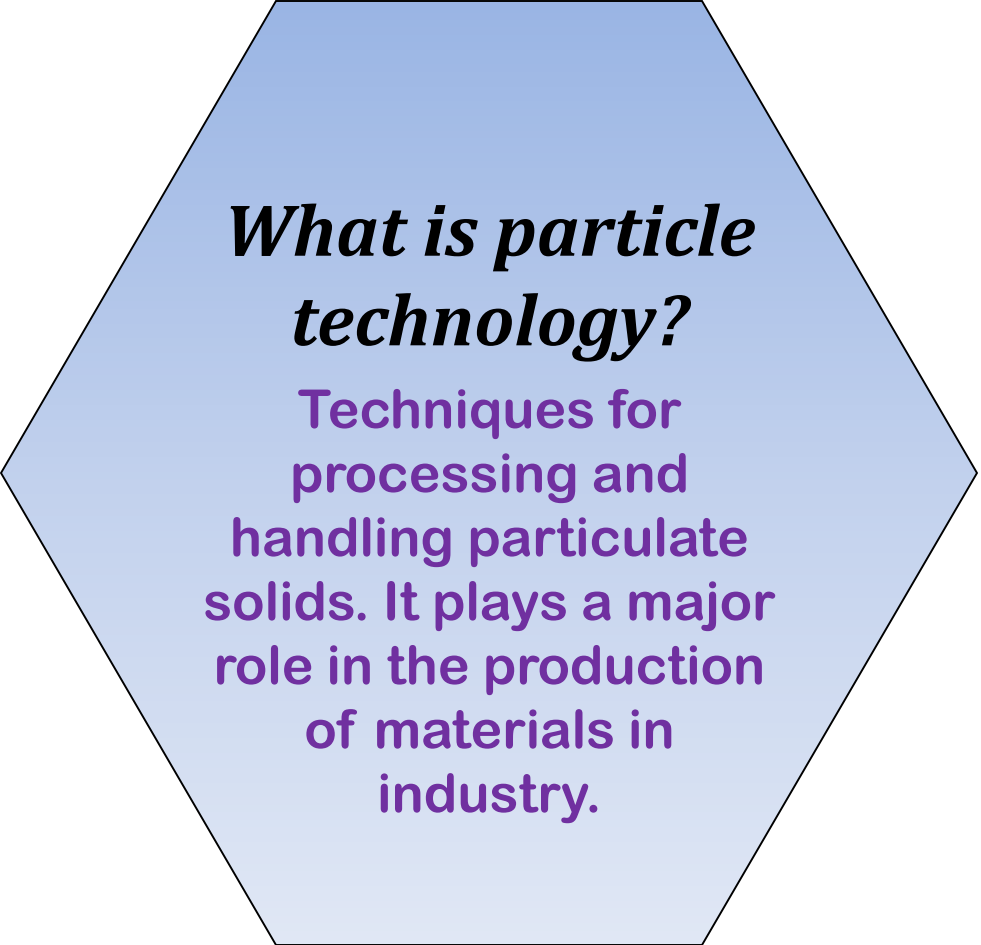
- ❖ Characterization of solids**
- ❖ Motion of Particles through fluids**
- ❖ Size Reduction**
- ❖ Mechanical Separations**











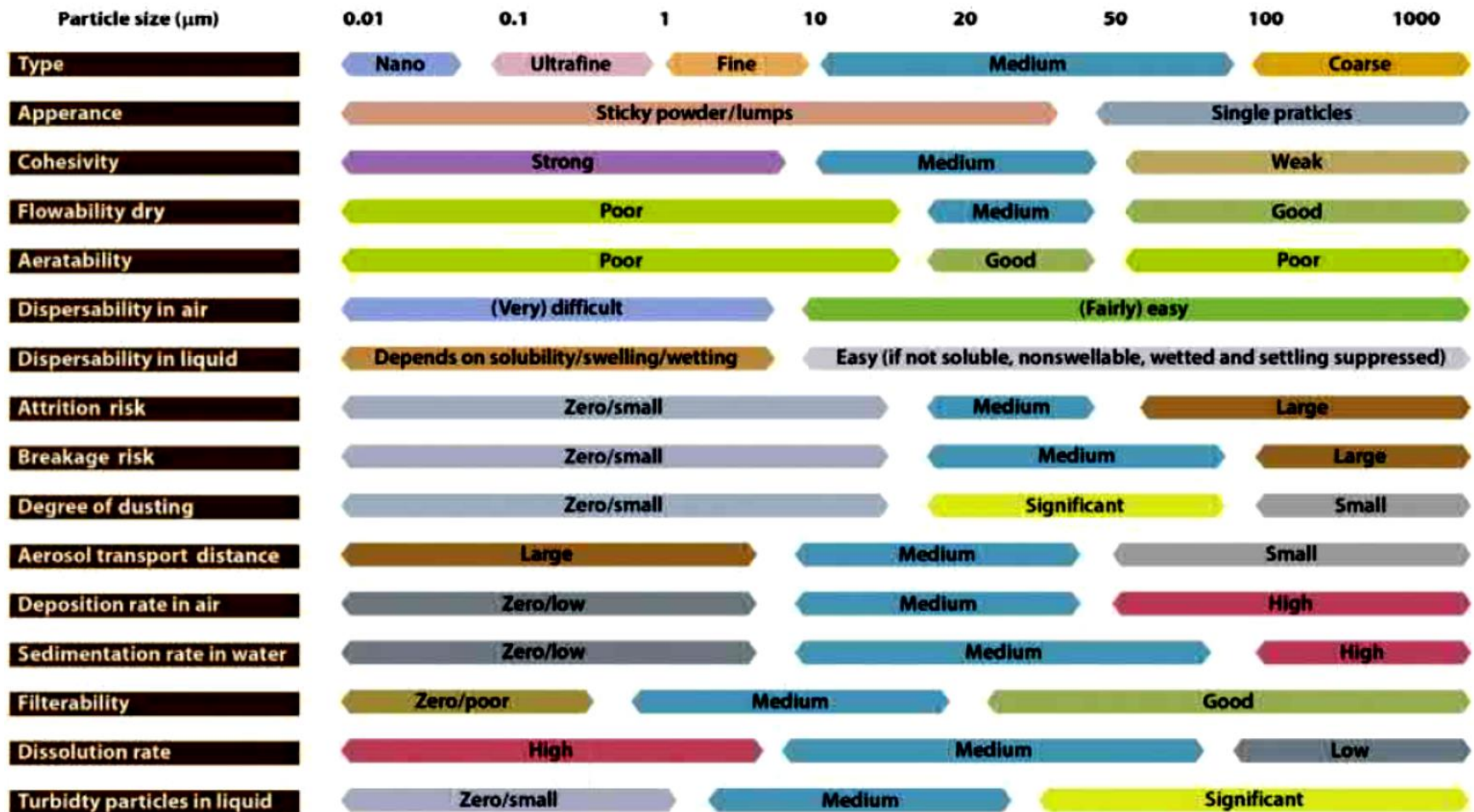
## ***What is particle technology?***

Techniques for processing and handling particulate solids. It plays a major role in the production of materials in industry.

Units used for particle size depend on the size of particles.

Particles	Size
Coarse particles	inches or millimeters
Fine particles:	screen size
Very fine particles	micrometers or nanometers
Ultra fine particles	surface area per unit mass, $\text{m}^2/\text{g}$

# Influence of particle size on example characteristics of particulate solids

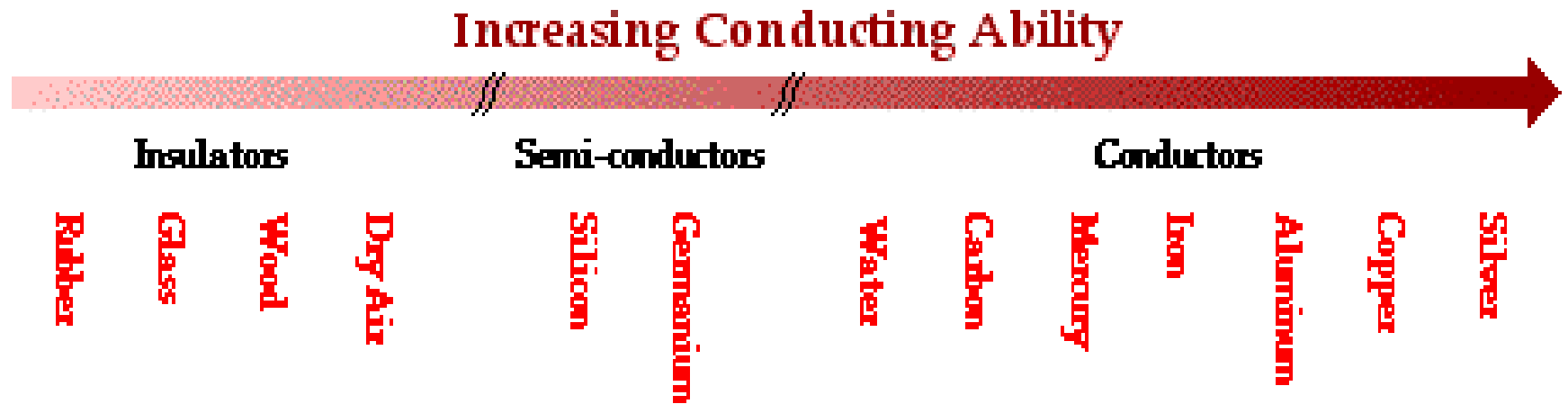




## **Characterization of solid particles**

*Individual solid  
particles are  
characterized by  
their size, shape,  
and density*

# Types of Material





# CHARACTERIZATION OF SOLID MATERIAL

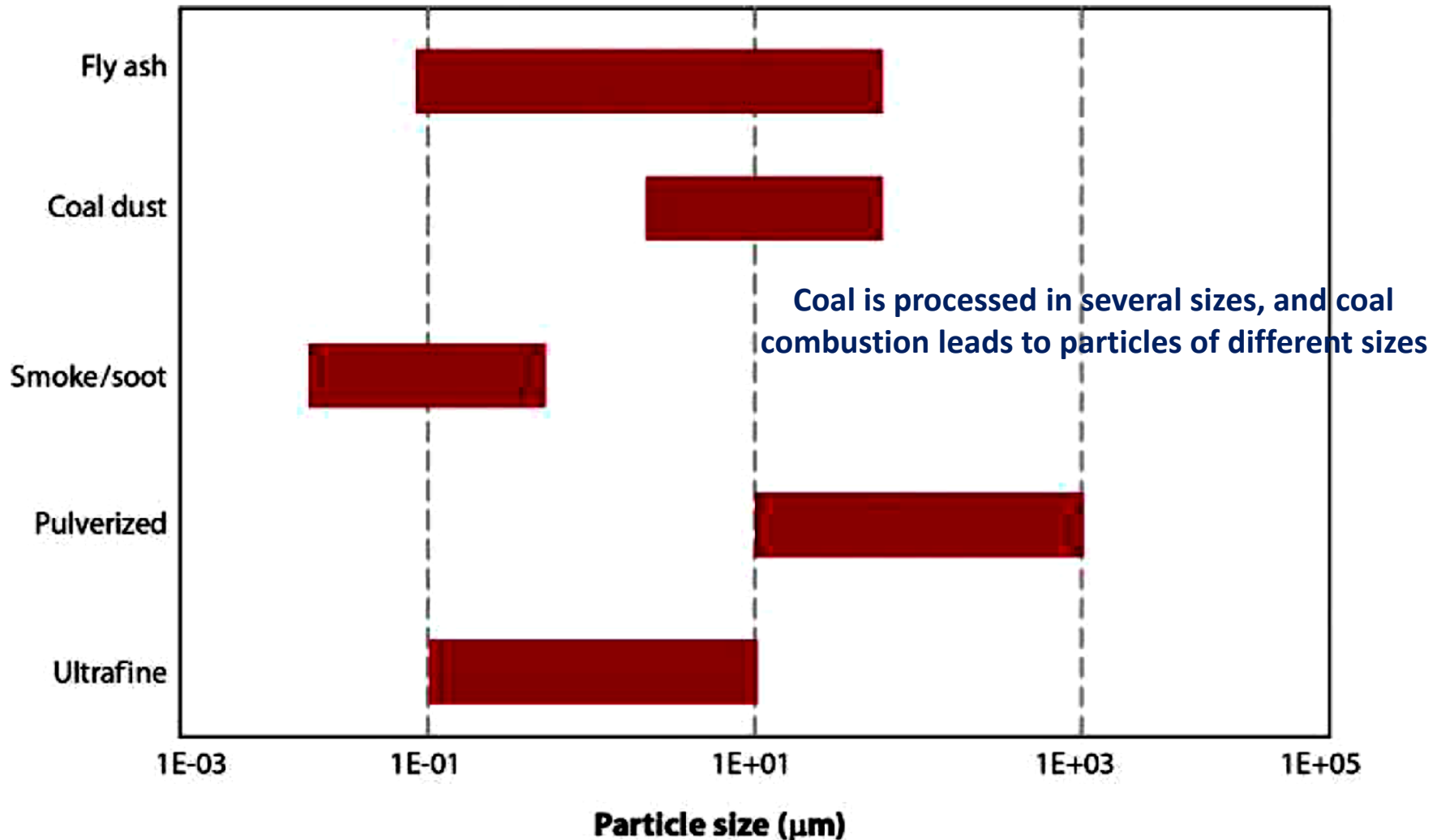
- Density and porosity
- Composition
- Thermal conductivity
- Particle size and shape
- Mechanical properties 'Strength and hardness'

# Definitions

- A particle
- Particulate material

Dust	Shape is not visible by eye
Powder	Produced by comminution Shape is not visible by eye
Granules or Fibers	Shapes are visible to eye rounded or elongated
Lump	Manipulated by hand

# Example of material systems with the relevant particle size



# Definitions

Particle Shape

```
graph TD; A[Particle Shape] --> B[Regular]; A --> C[Irregular]
```

Regular

Irregular

# Definitions

Particle size  
or shape

```
graph TD; A[Particle size or shape] --> B[Uniform]; A --> C[Non-uniform]
```

Uniform

Non-uniform

# Definitions

```
graph TD; A[Size of Particles] --> B[Monosize Particles]; A --> C[Polysize Particles]
```

Size of Particles

Monosize Particles

Polysize Particles

# Typical shapes of particles

ONE DIMENSIONAL



TWO DIMENSIONAL



THREE DIMENSIONAL





# Definitions

- A particulate system
- Porosity
- Specific surface area of particle
- Specific surface area of particulate system
- Fixed bed of solids
- Porous mass of solids
- Moving bed
- Fluidized bed